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10/617,311 07/10/2003 Don Tabor 03-11670 25189 7590 01/30/2004 EXAMINER CISLO & THOMAS, LLP SWIATEK, ROBER 233 WILSHIRE BLVD ART UNIT PART UNIT	3584
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SUITE 900	APER NUMBER
SANTA MONICA, CA 90401-1211 3643	

DATE MAILED: 01/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

¥,		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
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Office Action Summary		10/617,311	TABOR, DON	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Robert P. Swiatek	3643	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	on appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
THE I - External after - If the If NO I - Failuring Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day to period for reply sepecified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set or	FION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rition. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of third period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON y statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 10 July 2003.		
		This action is non-final.		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
ispositi	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	ithdrawn from consideration.	·	
	ion Papers			
	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer		
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>10 July 2003</u> is/a		ted to by the Examiner.	
,	Applicant may not request that any objection		•	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		• • •	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by		• •	
riority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
a)[* S 13)□ A si 3' a 14)□ A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a lambda lamb	uments have been received. uments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). r a list of the certified copies not omestic priority under 35 U.S.C. the first sentence of the specific ge provisional application has be omestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	pplication No received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet. een received. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific	
\ttachmen	t(s)			
) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper I	48) 5) Notice of Ir	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 6, 8-17, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Elson

(US 4,911,383: Ref. cited on Information Disclosure Citation). The kite to Elson includes a hull

14, airfoils 10, 12, and a ballast 26. A pocket or cage 24, which is part of the kite, contains the

ballast prior to its being dropped at altitude. Ejection of the ballast from the kite is considered to

constitute movement of the ballast with respect to the kite; moreover, as to claims 10, 17,

although the ballast 26 is securely retained within the pocket 24 of Elson, element 26 nonetheless

would move or vibrate periodically—even if only minimally—within its pocket due to the

sudden, erratic swoops and darts of the kite while in flight. With respect to claim 8, column 3,

lines 30-33, of Elson notes that the ballast 26 can be inserted to different extents within the

pocket, thus affecting the orientation and resultant flight characteristics of the kite. When the

ballast was released, the kite's aerodynamics perforce would be altered. With regard to claims

11-16, the ballast 26 of Elson is in the form of a human—considered an animal capable of

whimsical appearance—having a flexible parachute attached to it. The parachute's canopy is

inflated when released from the kite.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-5, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee (US 5,893,537) in view of Renger et al. (US 4,655,720: Ref. cited on Information Disclosure Citation). The patent to Lee discloses a kite in the form of a sailing vessel. No ballast per se is disclosed. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to employ a movable toy figure with the Lee kite, in view of the patent to Renger et al. that inclusion of such a figure allows the flight characteristics of the kite to be adjusted (see elements 12, 13, 20 and column 5, lines 2-6, of Renger et al.).

Claims 16, 18, 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Socha et al. (US 5,755,405). The Socha et al. parachute includes a flexible housing composed of an airfoil portion 12 joined to a mesh portion 14 through which air can freely pass. A filler material 22 for coupling a payload article to the parachute is located within the flexible housing. With respect to claim 18, the statement of intended use has not been given weight inasmuch as the Socha et al. parachute could be used with a flying toy. Column 3, lines 37-40, of Socha et al. notes that the parachute can be released from, *inter alia*, helicopters, airships, and balloons.

Claims 21, 23, 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Beaulieu (US 4,799,634). The Beaulieu patent discloses a kite 10 having a parachute 18 attached thereto by a hook and ring arrangement 16', 20. When attached to the kite, the parachute is considered Application/Control Number: 10/617,311

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to be pivotally suspended from the kite, moving back and forth continually as the kite ascends to an altitude from which the balloon can be released. The parachute's canopy is inflated as it descends (see Figure 1 of Socha et al.).

Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beaulieu. Attaching the parachute 18 of Beaulieu to a point atop the kite 10, while not shown, nonetheless would have been obvious to one skilled in the art in order to minimize oscillation of the kiteparachute combination.

Claims 25, 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Chapman (US 4,133,500: Ref. cited on Information Disclosure Statement). The figure 20A of Chapman is considered to constitute ballast removably and selectively positioned with respect to the kite along a serrated support 17. The support "permits some fore-and-aft swinging of the . . . figure in flight" (see column 2, lines 38-40, of Chapman).

Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In line 2, "said hull" lacks a prior antecedent basis.

The drawings are objected to because they should not include borders. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because in line 1, "Provided is a" should be changed to -A-. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

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The reference to Koch has been cited to provide an additional example of a kite with an attached figure.

RPS: @703/308-2700 27 January 2004 ROBERT P. SWIATEK
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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